

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION

In re:

Sarah Michaels, Inc.;
Sarah Michaels, LLC;
Fasma, LLC,

Debtors.

Brenda P. Helms, not individually, but solely
as Chapter 7 Trustee of the Estate of Sarah
Michaels, Inc., Sarah Michaels, LLC, and
Fasma, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

MID-ATLANTIC COMPUTERS, INC.,

Defendant.

Chapter 7

Case Nos. 03-19465
03-19468
03-19474

Jointly Administered

Honorable Jack B. Schmetterer

Adv. No. 05-01186

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Having received and reviewed the motion and affidavit filed by the Plaintiff, Brenda P. Helms, not individually, but solely as Chapter 7 Trustee ("Plaintiff") of the Estate of Sarah Michaels, Inc., Sarah Michaels, LLC, and Fasma, LLC (collectively, the "Debtors"), in support of the default of Mid-Atlantic Computers, Inc. ("Defendant"), and having entered an Order of Default on *Dec 20th* 2005, in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant, this Court now makes and enters the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. On May 1, 2003 (the "Petition Date") the Debtors filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois.

2. On June 30, 2003, this Court entered an order allowing the joint administration of the three bankruptcy cases (collectively, the "Cases").

3. On January 26, 2004, this Court converted the Cases to ones under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Subsequently, this Court confirmed the appointment of Brenda P. Helms as the Chapter 7 Trustee of the Debtors' bankruptcy estates pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 701(a)(1).

4. The claims asserted in this adversary proceeding arise in, arise under, or are related to the Cases.

5. During the ninety (90) days preceding the Petition Date (the "Preference Period"), the Debtors made certain payments from their own funds to or for the benefit of Defendant, in the aggregate amount of \$16,570.00 (the Transfers").

6. The Transfers have never been repaid to the Debtors' estates.

7. The Transfers were made to or for the benefit of Defendant, a creditor of the Debtors, on account of antecedent debts due and owing from the Debtors to Defendant before the Transfers were made.

8. At the time each of the Transfers was made, the Debtors' financial condition was such that the sum of its debts was greater than all of its property, at a fair valuation.

9. The Transfers enabled Defendant to receive more on account of antecedent debts than Defendant would have received if, as of the date of each such payment, the Debtors had commenced a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, the particular Preference Payment had not been made and Defendant received payment on account of the corresponding antecedent debt to the extent provided by the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

10. On January 12, 2005, counsel for Plaintiff sent a demand letter to Defendant requesting the return of the Transfers pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 547 and 550.

11. Defendant failed to respond to the demand letter.

12. On or about April 14, 2005, Plaintiff initiated the instant adversary proceeding by filing a complaint (the "Complaint") against Defendant to avoid and recover the Transfers.

13. On April 14, 2005, the Clerk of Court issued a summons to Defendant and Plaintiff served a copy of a summons and the Complaint on Defendant via United States Mail, postage prepaid pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. 7004.

14. Defendant has failed to answer or otherwise plead to the Complaint.

15. On December 20, 2005, upon Plaintiff's motion, this Court defaulted Defendant for failing to plead or otherwise defend the Complaint.

16. The allegations of the Complaint, which are taken as admitted as a result of Defendant's default in this case and are supported by the affidavit of Brenda P. Helms, the Chapter 7 Trustee, establish that the Defendant: (1) was a creditor of the Debtors; (2) received the Transfers from the Debtors' funds on or before ninety (90) days prior to the Petition Date while the Debtors were insolvent; (3) received Transfers for or on account of an antecedent debt owed by the Debtors before such Transfers were made; and (4) received more on account of the antecedent debt than it would have received in a hypothetical chapter 7 liquidation.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. This Court has jurisdiction of this adversary proceeding under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 because this proceeding arises in and is related to the Cases.

B. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(F).

C. The Cases are pending before this Court. Accordingly, venue of this adversary proceeding is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1409(a).

D. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 547(f), the Debtors are presumed to have been insolvent during the Preference Period at the time they made the Transfers.

E. Plaintiff has met her burden of proving that the Transfers are avoidable under 11 U.S.C. § 547(b) and as required by 11 U.S.C. § 547(g).

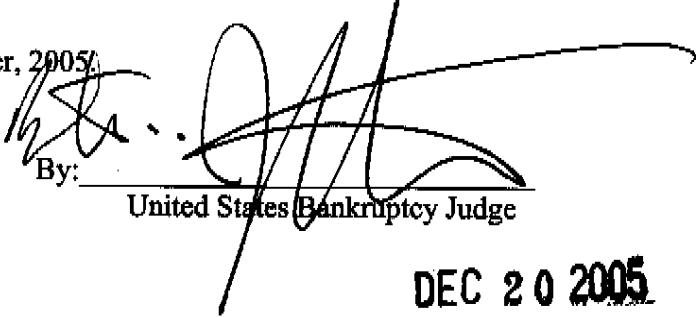
F. The Transfers are avoidable under 11 U.S.C. § 547(b).

G. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant under 11 U.S.C. § 547(b).

H. Defendant is either "(1) the initial transferee of such transfer or the entity for whose benefit such transfer was made; or (2) [an] immediate or mediate transferee of such initial transferee" as set forth in 11 U.S.C. §§ 550(a)(1) and (2).

I. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 550(a), Plaintiff is entitled to recover, from Defendant, and for the benefit of the Debtors' estates, the value of the Transfers.

DATED this 20th day of December, 2005

By: 

United States Bankruptcy Judge

DEC 20 2005

Prepared By:

Richard M. Fogel (#3127114)
Matthew A. Swanson (#6273133)
Shaw Gussis Fishman Glantz
Wolfson & Towbin LLC
321 North Clark Street, Suite 800
Chicago, Illinois 60610
Ph: (312) 541-0151
Fax: (312) 980-3888